

Article are in fact made by Employers bound by this Agreement.

#### Article 8 PARTICULAR WORK RULES AND CLARIFICATION OF CONDITIONS

**Paragraph 1.** Except as provided under paragraph 2 below, wages must be paid by payroll check and shall include a stub or statement showing the number of straight time and overtime hours worked and rate of pay. Failure on the part of the Employer to have sufficient funds at the bank to meet pay checks issued workers, shall deprive such Employers henceforth from the right to pay by checks and Joint Grievance Committee shall assess such Employer a sum equal to not less than the expense incurred in the collection of the amounts due because of such insufficient funds to meet checks so issued.

**Paragraph 2. Direct Deposit:** In lieu of paying wages by payroll check, the Employer may make payment by electronic bank draft if the employee voluntarily accepts such alternate method of payment. The Employer shall not mandate electronic banking as a condition of employment. Electronic wage payments must be transferred to the employee's bank account no later than the employee's regular pay day and at no cost to the employee. If payment is made by electronic bank draft, the Employee must also be provided a record of hours worked, rates of pay, and deductions made, at the same time and containing the same information as if wages were paid by payroll check.

If full wages are not timely transferred to the employee's account, the Employer shall pay the employee an additional four (4) hours pay for each day or portion thereof until full wages are received. Employers who vio-

late the provisions of these paragraphs shall be denied the use of electronic banking for wage payments.

**Paragraph 3.** The Union agrees that the Employees whom it represents will accept and demand the wages and fringe benefit payments set forth in this Agreement, and the employer agrees to pay the wages and fringe benefit payments herein stipulated.

**Claims for Shortages:** Claims by Employees for shortages must be made within three (3) weeks after shortage is discovered.

**Paragraph 4.** Payment by the Employer and acceptance by the Employee of less than the wage herein stipulated shall be a violation of this Agreement upon the part of each. Upon conclusive proof to the Joint Grievance Committee of such violation, the Employer shall immediately pay the unpaid balance due in accordance with the wage herein stipulated; and in addition thereto, shall pay the Joint Grievance Committee an amount equal to the penalties provided in the appropriate Article of General Conditions of this Agreement, but under no circumstances shall such penalties be less than fifty (50) percent of the amount of such pay shortage as just and liquidated damages because of such violation.

Upon conclusive proof that the Employer is guilty of paying less than the wages herein stipulated, then nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to take from the Union the right to remove workers it represents from the job, and henceforth to deny such Employer further right to the employment of its members.

Members of the Union who are found guilty of violation of this Agreement shall be dealt with by the Employer.

**Paragraph 5.** The Union reserves and shall have the right to remove its employees from any job upon the failure of the Employer to pay the wages due any of its Employees or fringe benefits which may be due by reason of the hours of employment.

Paragraph 6. The Employer hereby agrees to maintain proper temporary toilet and drinking facilities accessible to all Employees on the job. The Employer shall furnish a suitable place, properly heated when reasonably necessary, where Laborers may eat and change their clothes.

Paragraph 7. Where services are performed by Laborers as watchmen, and such Laborers shall not be engaged in the performance of any other branches of work covered by this Agreement, they shall be paid not less than \$1.50 below the Building Laborers' rate.

Paragraph 8. **HIRING HALL:** No agreement on the request of the Union for the establishment of an exclusive Hiring Hall has been consummated. Therefore, the question of establishing a Hiring Hall is hereby reserved for the future consideration of the parties. Upon service of sixty (60) days' notice in writing upon Employer from Union, such question shall be taken up for discussion and further negotiation by the parties hereto.

Paragraph 9. Foremen. There shall be a Laborer appointed as Labor Foreman. when five (5) or more Laborers are employed on any one job or project; there shall be sub-foreman after the first ten (10) Laborers, and for each multiple of five (5) Laborers employed thereafter to properly supervise the various phases of the work. A Sub-Foreman shall receive \$.45 premium wages above the regular wages paid those Laborers under his supervision, plus established overtime rates. When a Labor Foreman is needed to supervise Laborers such Labor Foreman shall receive \$.75 or more premium wages above top labor scale, as mutually agreed between said Labor Foreman and his Employer.

The above and foregoing shall not be so construed as to restrict the Employer's right to pay higher premium wages or appoint a greater percentage of foremen and/or sub-foremen.

Paragraph 10. The Employer shall not engage his labor on a piece-work basis.

Paragraph 11. The Employer shall furnish all tools and shovels required for the work, also boots and rain equipment required for the protection of the workers in the trade and the worker shall be held responsible for them.

Paragraph 12. The Employer shall furnish any necessary protective medication, such as petroleum jelly, to prevent burns from creosote or chemicals which may prove injurious to the skin.

Paragraph 13. On a job site requiring a Tool Shanty, said Tool Shanty shall be tended by a Laborer if Employer determines tending is required.

Paragraph 14. Portable Water Pumps shall be tended by Laborers if Employer determines tending is required.

Paragraph 15. In any instance where a Machine replaces only the work of Laborers, said Machine shall be operated by a Laborer if so determined by the Employer.

Paragraph 16. The Employer shall furnish a suitable place, properly heated when reasonably necessary, where Laborers may eat and change their clothes.

Paragraph 17. The Employer shall not discriminate against any Employee who may be an officer, steward or member of the Union serving on any committee authorized by the Union.

Paragraph 18. **PRE-JOB CONFERENCES.** If the Union elects, a pre-job conference prior to commencement of work shall be held or if need is for additional men after the job has started, then the conference shall be held before the additional hiring commences if the Union elects. At the pre-job conference, the Employer shall advise the Union of its requirements as to workmen required in the respective classifications, the probably starting date, duration of the job, subcontractors, and working schedules.

Paragraph 19. Out of Town Work. When Laborers who reside or work in the nine-county geographic area covered by this Agreement are asked to work at locations outside these nine counties, the Employer shall continue to report and pay benefits for all hours worked outside the nine counties. If the work performed is covered under a labor agreement with the Laborers' International Union of North America or its affiliates, the Employer shall report and pay the benefit contributions to the fringe benefit fund identified, and the contribution rates specified, under that labor agreement. If the work performed is not covered under a labor agreement with the Laborers' International Union of North America or its affiliates, then the Employer shall report and pay the benefit contributions to the fringe benefit funds identified, and the contribution rates specified, under this Agreement.

#### Article 9 STEWARDS

Paragraph 1. The parties agree that the following basic principles apply to the selection of a Job Steward:

- (1) The Union requires that a Steward must fully protect the interest of the Union.
- (2) The Employer requires that the Steward be a Laborer who can efficiently perform his duties as a Laborer and will not disrupt the job unnecessarily in discharging his duties as a steward.
- (3) To meet the two basic principles agreed to by the parties, it is further agreed:
  - (a) The Job Steward shall be a working Laborer;
  - (b) The Steward shall be selected by the Business Manager of the Union with jurisdiction over the job;
  - (c) In selecting a Steward preference shall be given to Union members presently employed in the bargaining unit of the Employer on the specific site, provided, however, that if, in the judgment of the Business Manager, no

presently employed Union member is competent to act as Steward, the Steward shall be selected from outside the bargaining unit. A reason shall be given by the Business Manager why no member is competent. However, the reason shall not infringe upon the right of the Business Representative to select the Steward; and

- (d) The Union shall have the right to replace any steward at any time.

Paragraph 2. The Steward shall be subject to the same terms of employment as any other Employee, but taking into consideration that the Steward should be present during all working hours, all possible overtime work shall be assigned to all Stewards, if the Stewards do not replace another Laborer from that other Laborers' previously assigned duties.

Paragraph 3. The duties of the Steward shall include the checking of terms and conditions of work, safety conditions, starting dates of employment for new Laborers, whether Union or Non-Union, and report same to the Business Representative who appointed him. All Laborers employed on a job or project shall report to the Steward any differences or disputes which may arise in connection with the work or any part of it, and the Steward shall report same to the office of the Union. If it becomes necessary to discharge or lay off any Laborers because of completion of the work or otherwise, the Laborer appointed and acting as Steward shall not be discharged or laid off while other Laborers remain employed on the job or project as long as he is competent to perform the work. Nothing herein contained shall in any way restrict the right of any Employer to discharge a Steward for cause, upon notification to the Business Manager of the Local Union who appointed the Laborer to act as Steward.

Paragraph 4. Whenever one or more Laborers are required to work overtime, one of these Laborers shall be the regular designated Steward if he is competent to do the work required or if he cannot work, he will call the



Business Manager; and the Business Manager will designate someone on this job to act as Steward.

#### Article 10

### TRAINING AND APPRENTICE PROGRAM

**Paragraph 1. APPRENTICE COMMITTEE:** The Employer hereby adopts and shall be bound by the agreement and declaration of trust established by the Apprenticeship Training Committee ("JATC") for the apprentice program, together with any amendments thereto, which are incorporated by reference herein. The JATC shall have authority to set and enforce penalties for violations of the apprenticeship rules.

**Paragraph 2. TRAINING FUND:** The Employer shall contribute twelve cents (\$.12) per hour for each hour worked from June 1, 2006 to May 31, 2007 for all Employees covered under this Agreement to the Construction and General Laborers' District Council of Chicago and Vicinity Training Fund payable to the Training Fund or a designated appointee at the end of each month and such additional sums as the Union may designate in its sole discretion from its total economic package on June 1, 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009 under this Agreement. The terms of the trust establishing the Fund are incorporated by reference herein and all terms regarding auditing, assessment, non-payments and grace periods as set out in the Collective Bargaining Agreement regarding payment of Welfare and Pension Fund contributions shall apply as if fully set forth herein for the Construction and General Laborers' District Council of Chicago and Vicinity Training Fund.

**Paragraph 3. APPRENTICE PROGRAM FUNDING:** The apprenticeship program administered by the JATC shall be self sustaining. In addition to the sums set forth above in Paragraph 2, effective June 1, 2006 the Employer shall also contribute to the Training Fund an additional contribution of five cents (\$.05) per hour for each hour worked by all employees covered by this agree-

ment to the Training Fund or to a designated appointee at the end of each month, and such additional sums as the Union may designate in its sole discretion from the total economic package on June 1, 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009 under this Agreement.

**Paragraph 4.** The term of apprenticeship shall be 2,400 hours, or two years, whichever occurs later, or such other duration as is mutually agreed by the Training and Apprenticeship Fund trustees. All Health and Welfare, Pension, Training Fund, Industry Advancement and other contributions required under this Agreement will commence immediately upon employment of an apprentice. Union affiliation will be required after seven (7) days of employment.

**Paragraph 5.** The wages per hour paid to apprentices shall be as follows:

1st six (6) months: .. 60% of journeyman (base) wages  
2nd six (6) months: .. 70% of journeyman (base) wages  
3rd six (6) months: .. 80% of journeyman (base) wages  
4th six (6) months: .. 90% of journeyman (base) wages  
After twenty-four  
(24) months: ..... 100% of journeyman (base) wages

**Paragraph 6.** The ratio of journeymen to Apprentices shall be six (6) Laborer journeymen to one (1) Laborer apprentice on a company-wide basis, with no more than twenty percent (20%) of Laborers being apprentices on any one job site of the Employer. Employers who employ a maximum of between one (1) and five (5) Laborer journeymen shall be entitled to one (1) Laborer apprentice, who may be assigned to job sites irrespective of the twenty percent (20%) job site maximum specified in this provision.

**Paragraph 7.** Referral of apprentices will be through the Local Union with jurisdiction over the job site. Employers requesting apprentices will be assigned an apprentice by the JATC from the available apprentice

pool. The JATC can limit the number of apprentices to that which is adequate for current needs and which can be properly trained by the program. Employers may recall their laid off apprentices to work, provided that the Employer complies with the ratios set forth in Paragraph 6. All apprentices must report their hours weekly to the JATC. All apprentices will be required to undergo testing by the JATC for the presence of illegal substances at the time they enter the apprentice program.

#### Article 11

#### SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

**Paragraph 1.** Any dispute concerning the interpretation or application of this Agreement between an Employer and the Union shall be adjusted by the particular Employer and Union, in the first instance. Jurisdictional disputes (that is, competing claims for the assignment of work) are not subject to being processed through this grievance procedure.

**Paragraph 2.** In the event that the matter is not settled, the Union may file a written grievance, which shall be submitted to a Joint Grievance Committee (hereinafter the "JGC") comprised of three (3) Employer representatives selected by the Chicago Area Independent Construction Association and three (3) Union representatives selected by the Construction and General Laborers' District Council of Chicago and Vicinity, which shall convene monthly. The JGC shall adopt its own rules of procedure. The Union must file the grievance within forty-five (45) days of the date of the occurrence giving rise to the grievance or when the affected employee knew or reasonably should have known of the existence of the grievance. Grievances not filed within the forty-five (45) day period are deemed waived and are not subject to being processed through this procedure. The determination of the JGC shall be governed by majority vote, provided that the Employer representatives and Union representatives shall have equal voting power. If decided by majority vote, the grievance determination and any relief

determined to be appropriate shall be final and binding upon all parties.

Laborers who prevail in their grievances shall be compensated for two (2) hours lost time to attend the JGC Grievance hearing. Grievances shall be dismissed if the grievant fails to appear at the scheduled hearing and no continuance is granted by the JGC.

**Paragraph 3.** In the event that the JGC is deadlocked upon the disposition of a grievance, then the Union or the Employer may refer the matter to arbitration by so notifying the other within thirty (30) days of the date of the JGC decision. The moving party shall obtain a list of seven (7) arbitrators from the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, provided that all arbitrators maintain their principal office in the Chicago area. The party selected by lot shall strike the first name from the list, then parties shall alternately strike names from the list until one arbitrator remains.

**Paragraph 4.** The decision of the arbitrator shall be final and binding upon all parties. The arbitrator shall not be empowered to amend, alter or add to this Agreement. The arbitrator's expenses shall be jointly paid by the Employer and the Local Union between whom the grievance exists.

**Paragraph 5.** Any party who fails to comply with an award within seven (7) days' notice of an arbitrator's award or the JGC determination shall be responsible for an additional ten percent (10%) liquidated damages on any monetary award and all court costs and reasonable attorney fees actually incurred by the party enforcing the award.

**Paragraph 6.** With regard to this Article, the Union reserves its right, and it shall not be a violation of this Agreement, for the Union to strike, picket and/or withdraw its employees from any Employer who fails to pay wages or fringe benefits as required under this Agreement. Except as provided in this Article, there shall



be no strike, slowdown, withdrawal of men or other concerted refusal to work by the Union or the employees during the term of this Agreement. Further, there shall be no lockout by the Employer. The Employer further agrees that no punitive action shall be taken against its employees if said employees refuse to cross a picket line that may be placed on the job or project of their employer.

## Article 12

### BRANCHES OF WORK

**Paragraph 1. RECOGNITION OF BARGAINING REPRESENTATIVE:** Employer hereby agrees to recognize the Union as the exclusive representative of all its employees performing work within the jurisdiction of the Union for the purpose of collective bargaining in respect to rates of pay, wages, hours of employment, and also confirms the jurisdiction of this Union over the branches of work covered herein, and agrees not to enter into any agreement with other labor organizations covering such branches of work.

In the event of a jurisdictional dispute over any of the work covered under this Agreement that cannot be adjusted by both parties to this Agreement and the contracting party, and if a binding authority recognized by the Union determines the work to be definitely the jurisdiction of some other union, then the parties shall jointly abide by such determination; provided that in the event the decision is appealed by the Union, this provision shall not be applicable until such time as the final decision issues.

**Paragraph 2. BRANCHES OF WORK COVERED HEREIN:** The building of all scaffolding, runways and windbreaks for concrete and mason work, rigging for caissons and concrete chutes and hoppers, digging, lagging, sheeting and dewatering of foundation piers and caissons; concrete work within the walls of any building or jobs; the rubbing and grinding of concrete installations where no patching is involved; boxing for concrete foot-

ing, raising, moving, shoring of all buildings, back fillings and gradings; also all laboring work in connection with cement sidewalks, curbs or gutters, stone curbs, streets, alleys, driveways, viaducts, retaining walls, slate, tile and asbestos roofing; also all laboring work connected with composition floor work, rock asphalt, whether done by hand or by any other process, wrecking and stripping of concrete forms and false work, tending to carpenters, tending to salamanders; removal, clearing and cleaning of all debris, signalman and handling of such materials for construction as directed by the Employer; also building in centering for fire proofing; gunite work in handling of cement gun nozzle, when gunite is applied of a thickness of one and one-half (1½) inches or more, all laboring work in connection with original installation of landscaping in connection with new construction of all types, also all laboring work in connection with boiler setting, including the installation of plastic or other non-solid refractory materials. The coverage of this agreement, in referring to the type of work hereunder, includes in addition to all other types of construction, the construction and alteration of all track work and the construction, alteration and maintenance over track work on property on which a railroad company does not have a property right; in short, all unskilled labor connected with work undertaken by members of the Employer and the handling of all materials, or appliances in any trade where it will be more economical to have the work done by Laborers as may be decided by the Employer, subject to appeal to the decision of the Joint Grievance Committee.

**Tenders:** Tending masons, plasterers, carpenters and other building and construction crafts.

Tending shall consist of preparation of materials and handling and conveying of materials to be used by mechanics or other crafts, whether such preparation is by hand or any other process. After the material has been prepared, tending shall include the supplying and conveying of said material, and all other materials to such mechanic, whether by silo mixer, bucket, hod, wheelbar-

row, buggy, or any motorized unit used for such purpose, bobcats, and unloaders for cement masons and concrete contractors, forklifts for brick masons and/or any other machine which replaces the wheelbarrow or buggy.

Unloading, handling, and distributing of all materials, fixtures, furnishings, furniture, and appliances whether crated or uncrated from point of delivery to stockpiles and from stockpiles to approximate point of installation.

Drying of plaster, concrete, mortar or other aggregate when done by salamander heat or any other drying process.

Cleaning and clearing of all debris, including recycled material, wire brushing of windows, scraping of floors, removal of surplus material from all fixtures within confines of structures and clearing of all debris in building and construction area. The general cleanup, including sweeping, cleaning, washdown and wiping of construction facility, equipment and furnishings and removal and loading or burning of all debris including crates, boxes, packagings, and packaging waste materials. Washing or cleaning of walls, partitions, ceilings, windows, bathrooms, kitchens, laboratory, and all fixtures and facilities therein. Cleanup, mopping, washing, waxing and polishing or dusting of all floors or areas.

Washing or cleaning of walls, partitions, ceilings, windows, bathrooms, kitchens, laboratory, and all fixtures and facilities therein. Decontamination, cleanup, mopping, washing, waxing and polishing or dusting of all floors or areas. The cleanup and decontamination from the deposit of blood, pathogens, radiation, particles or other hazardous waste.

The aging and curing of concrete, mortar and other materials applied to walls, floors, ceilings and foundations of buildings and structures, highways, airports, overpasses, tunnels, bridges, approaches, viaducts, ramps, or other similar surfaces by any mode or method.

Fire Stopping, fireproofing beams, ceilings, walls and floors with all forms of fire prevention materials.

All fire watch, hole watch, and confined space entry watch for the above-mentioned craft. All fire watch attendants when multi-craft personnel are used, and all general area firewatch. Attendants for all confined space entry when multi-craft personnel are used. All attendants for foreign material exclusion when single or multi-craft are used.

Safety and deck monitoring.

**Scaffolds:** Erection, planking, maintenance and removal of all scaffolds and windbreaks for lathers, plasterers, bricklayers, masons and other construction trade crafts. Building planking or installation and removal of all staging, swinging, tubular and hanging scaffolds, including maintenance thereof.

**Excavations and Foundation-Site Preparation and Clearance For Transportation and Transmission Lines:** Construction of sewers, shafts, tunnels, subways, caissons, cofferdams, dikes, dams, aqueducts, culverts, flood controls, airports, laying underground steel pipe, transit, clay, concrete, fiber, and plastic, including telephone, telegraph, television and other similar underground duct.

Excavation for building and all other construction; digging of trenches, piers, foundations and holes; digging, lagging, sheeting, cribbing, bracing and propping of foundations, holes, caissons, cofferdams, dams, dikes and irrigation trenches, canals and all handling, filling and placing of sand bags connected therewith. All drilling, blasting and scaling on the site or along the right of way, as well as access roads, reservoirs, including areas adjacent or pertinent to construction site; installation of temporary lines.

Preparation and compacting of roadbeds for railroad track laying, highway construction and the preparation of trenches, footings, etc., for cross-country trans-



mission by pipelines or electric transmission or underground lines or cables.

On-site preparation and right-of-way clearance for construction of any structures or the installation of traffic and transportation facilities such as highways, pipelines, electrical transmission lines, dam sites and reservoir areas, access roads, etc.; The setting up, alignment and operating of the laser beam shall be the work of the Laborers. The setting up and operation of any other similar type beam shall be the work of the Laborers. The Union and the Employers agree to comply with any and all state laws governing operation of such laser-type equipment. All GPS equipment, lasers, and grade checking; Clearing and slashing of brush or trees by hand or with mechanical cutting methods. Blasting for all purposes such as stumps, rocks, general demolition. Felling, bucking, yarding, loading or burning of all trees or timber on construction areas. Choker setters, off-bearers, lumber handlers and all Laborers connected with on-site portable sawmill operations connected with clearing. Erection, dismantling and/or reinstallation of all fences. Cleanup of right-of-way, including tying on, signaling, stacking of brush, trees or other debris, and burning where required. All soil tests, operations of semi and unskilled labor, such as filing of sand bags, handling timber and loading and unloading of same.

#### Concrete, Bituminous Concrete and Aggregates:

(a) Concrete, bituminous, concrete or aggregate for walls, footings, foundations, floors or for any other construction. Mixing, handling, conveying, pouring, vibrating, guniting and otherwise placing concrete or aggregate, whether done by hand or any other process. Wrecking, stripping, dismantling and handling concrete forms and false work. Building of centers for fire proofing purposes. Operation of motorized wheelbarrows or buggies or machines of similar character, whether run by gas, diesel or electric power. When concrete or aggregates are conveyed by crane or derrick, or similar methods, the hooking on, signaling, dumping and unhooking the bucket.

Placing of concrete or aggregates, whether poured, pumped, gunited, or placed by any other process. The assembly, uncoupling of all connections and/or parts of, to equipment used in mixing or conveying concrete, aggregate, or mortar, and the cleaning of such equipment, parts and/or connections. All vibrating, grinding, spreading, flowing, rodding, leveling and strike-off of concrete or aggregates by floating, puddling or screening by hand or mechanical means prior to finishing. Where prestressed or pre-cast concrete slabs, walls, or sections are used, all loading, unloading, stockpiling, hooking on, signaling, unhooking, setting and barring into place of such slabs, walls or sections. All mixing, handling, conveying, placing and spreading of grout for any purpose. Green cutting of concrete or aggregate in any form, by hand, mechanical means, grindstones or air or water.

(b) The filing and patching of voids, crevices, etc., to correct defects in concrete caused by leakage, bulging, sagging, etc.

(c) The loading, unloading, carrying, distributing and handling of all rods, mesh and material for use in reinforcing concrete construction. The hoisting of rods, mesh and other material for use in reinforcing concrete construction. The hoisting of rods, mesh and other materials except when a derrick or outrigger by other than hand power is used.

(d) All work on interior concrete columns, foundations or engine and machinery beds.

(e) The stripping of forms, other than panel forms which are to be re-used in their original form, and the stripping of forms on all flat arch work.

The moving, cleaning, oiling and carrying of all forms to the next point of erection.

The snapping of wall ties and removal of tie rods. Handling, placing and operation of the hoses and pots or hoppers on sand blasting or other abrasive cleaning. The



jacking of slip forms, and all semi and unskilled work connected therewith.

**Streets, Ways and Bridges:** Work, in the excavation, preparation, concreting, asphalt, bituminous concrete and mastic paving, ramming, curbing, flagging and surfacing of streets, striping, street markings and other pavement markings, Laborers engaged in layout work, cleanup and helping painters involved in any pavement markings, ways, courts, underpasses, overpasses, bridges, approaches and slope walls and the grading and landscaping thereof and all other labor connected therewith. Cleaning, grading, fence or guard rail installation and/or removal for streets, highways, roadways, aprons, runways, sidewalks, parking areas, airports, approaches and other similar installations. Preparation, construction and maintenance of roadbeds and sub-grade for all paving, including excavation, dumping and spreading of sub-grade material, ramming, or otherwise compacting. Setting, leveling and securing or bracing of metal or other road forms and expansion joints, including placing of reinforcing mats, or wire mesh, for the above work. Loading, unloading, placing, handling and spreading of concrete aggregate or paving material, including leveling of the surface. Strike-off of concrete, when used as paving material by hand and floating or mechanical screening for strike-off. Cutting of concrete for expansion joints and other purposes. Setting of curb forms and the mixing, pouring, cutting, flowing, and strike-off of concrete used therefor. The setting, leveling and grouting of all pre-cast concrete or stone curb sections. Installation of all joints, removal of forms and cleaning, stacking, loading, oiling and handling. Grading and landscaping in connection with paving work. All work in connection with loading, unloading, handling, signaling, slinging and setting of all paving blocks, riprap or retaining walls such as stone, wood, metal, concrete or other material and the preparation of surfaces to receive same.

**Concrete Coring, Testing and Quality Control:** All work in connection with quality assurance/quality con-

trol and the collection and testing of construction materials, including asphalt, and soil samples for the purposes of quality control/quality assurance. (Concrete Coring, Testing and Quality Control shall not be subject to subcontracting restrictions in Article 4.)

**Trenches, Manholes, Handling and Distribution of Pipe, Etc.:** Cutting of streets and ways for laying of pipe, cables or conduits for all purposes; digging of trenches, manholes, etc., handling and conveying all materials; concreting, back-filling, grading and resurfacing and all other labor connected therewith. Clearing and site preparation as described herein. Cutting or jackhammering of streets, roads, sidewalks or aprons by hand or the use of air or other tools. Digging of trenches, ditches and manholes and the leveling, grading and other preparation prior to laying pipe or conduit for any purpose. Loading, unloading, sorting, stockpiling, wrapping, coating, treating, handling and distribution of water mains, gas mains, and all pipe, including placing, setting and removal of skids. Cribbing, driving or sheet piling, lagging and shoring of all ditches, trenches and manholes. Handling, mixing or pouring concrete and handling and placing of other materials for saddles, beds or foundations for the protection of pipes, wires, conduits, etc. Backfilling and compacting of all ditches, resurfacing of roads, streets, etc. and/or restoration of lawns and landscaping.

**Shafts and Tunnels, Subways and Sewers:** Construction of sewers, shafts, tunnels, subways, caissons, cofferdams, dikes, dams, levies, aqueducts, culverts, flood control projects and airports. All underground work involved in mines, underground chambers for storage or other purposes, tunnels or shafts for any purpose, whether in free or compressed air. Drilling and blasting, mucking and removal of material from the tunnels or shafts. The cutting, drilling and installation of material used for timbering, or retimbering, lagging, bracing, propping or shoring the tunnel or shaft. Assembly and installation of multi-plate, liner plate, rings, mesh, mats or forms for any tunnel or shaft including the setting or rods for same.

Pouring, pumps-creting or guniting of concrete in any tunnel or shaft operation, manual or hydraulic jacking of shields and the use of such other mechanical equipment as may be necessary.

Excavation or digging and grading of footings and foundations for bridges, overpasses, underpasses, aqueducts, etc., and their approaches. All concrete work as described above and in addition, the hooking on, signaling and dumping of concrete for treme work over water on caissons, pilings, abutments, etc. Excavation, grading, grade preparation and landscaping of approaches. Installation of pipe, gratings and grill work for drains or other purposes. Installation of well points or any other dewatering system.

**Compressed Air:** In compressed air all work underground or in compressed chambers, including tending of the outer air lock. All work in compressed air construction including, but not limited to, groumen, trackmen, blasters, shield drivers, miners, brakemen, miner's helpers, lock tenders, mucking machine operators, mortar men, gauge tenders, rodmen, compressed air electricians, setting of line plate and ring sets, drill runners, powermen or blasters, air hoist operators; form men; concrete blower operators, cement (invert) operators, power knife operators, erector operators, keyboard operators, pebble placer operators, car pushers, grout machine operators, steel setters, cage tenders, skinner track layers, dumpmen, diamond drillers, timbermen and re-timbermen, cherry pickmen, nippers, chucktenders and cable tenders, vibrator men, jetgunmen, guite, nozzlemen, gunmen, reboundmen and all other work connected therewith.

**Sewer, Drains, Culverts and Multiplate:** Unloading, sorting, stockpiling, wrapping, coating, treating, handling, distribution and lowering or raising of all pipe or multiplate. All digging, driving of sheet piling, lagging, bracing, shoring and cribbing, breaking of concrete, backfilling, tamping, resurfacing and paving of all ditches in preparation for the laying of pipe. Pipe laying, leveling

ing, and making of the joint of any pipe used for main or side sewers and storm sewers. All of the laying of clay, terra cotta, iron-stone, vitrified concrete or other pipe and the making of joints for main or side sewers and storm sewers and all pipe for drainage. Unloading, handling, distribution, assembly in place, bolting and lining up of sectional metal or other pipe including corrugated pipe. Laying of lateral sewer pipe from main sewer or side sewer to building or structure, except that Employer may direct that this work be done under proper supervision. Laying, leveling and making of the joint of all multi-cell conduit or multi-purpose pipe. Cutting of holes in walls, fittings, piers or other obstructions for the passage of pipe or conduit for any purpose and the pouring of concrete to secure said holes. Digging under streets, roadways, aprons or other paved surfaces for the passage of pipe, by hand, earth auger or any other method and manual and hydraulic jacking of pipe under said surfaces. Installation of septic tanks, cesspools and drain fields.

**Underpinning, Lagging, Bracing, Propping and Shoring:** Underpinning, lagging, bracing, propping and shoring, raising and moving of all structures; raising of structure by manual or hydraulic jacks or other methods. All work on house moving, shoring and underpinning of structures, loading, signaling, right-of-way clearing along the route of movement. Resetting of structure in new location to include all site clearing, excavation for foundation and concrete work. Cleanup and backfilling, landscaping old and new site.

**Drilling and Blasting:** All work of drilling jackhammering and blasting. Operation of all rock and concrete drills, including handling, carrying laying out of hoses, steel handling, installation of all temporary lines and handling and laying of all blasting mats. All work in connection with blasting, handling and storage of explosives carrying to point of blasting, loading holes, setting fuses, making primers and exploding charges. All securing of surfaces with wire mesh and any other material and setting of necessary bolts and rods and anchor same. All



high scaling and other rock breaking and removal after blast. Handling and laying of nets and other safety devices and signaling, flagging and road guarding.

Stringline and Pegs on Slip Form Machines: It shall be the work of the Laborers to set all lines, and leveling for slip form machines (such as the Miller Formless, Curb Master of Iowa, Go-Mo-Co., and other similar slip form machines). It also shall be the work of the Laborers to set the plastic line for the C.M.I. Auto Grader, asphalt machines, and other similar graders. The cleaning of the Auto Graders and slip form machines will be the work of the Laborers.

**Underground work:** (a) The digging and excavation for all sewers, catch basins, manholes, test holes, shafts and subways; the excavation for bridges and viaduct abutments; the excavation or the digging of trenches for, and the laying of, drain pipes, concrete pipes, water pipe extensions, water main taps, water main fusing, water mains from whatever source and beyond the first point of connection from building, conduits in which wire or cables are carried or run, all underground pipe transportation lines for gas, oil, gasoline, fluids and liquids, water aqueducts, and water lines and utilities, including temporary, of every description, including excavations or digging to uncover such utilities, drain pipes, concrete pipes, water pipes, water mains, sewer pipes, conduits and gas pipe lines for the purpose of relocation, removal, repair or alterations of such pipes, conduits or pipe lines, and all temporary piping of every description in connection with excavating and underground construction; the handling, placing and bracing in position of all sheeting forms and steel reinforcing, including the driving thereof, and the welding and burning of same, putting on grout mortar on bottom of sewers about pumping stations, including the erection, alteration and remodeling of same; all common labor performed in connection with the erection, alteration, remodeling, or demolition of bridges and viaducts, all installations of repairs to and removal of temporary ventilation pipes or water lines in under-

ground work, sewer work or tunnels; the laying and connecting of all non-metallic and metallic pipes; the rodding of all sewer, drain and conduit pipes or systems; and all common labor performed on or about, or in connection with the mixing or handling of materials on any of the work above set forth.

(b) All work performed in free or compressed air in shafts and tunnels for piping, sewers, water, subways (mass transportation systems of all kinds), transporting, diversion, storage, shelters, aquifers and all other types of reservoirs, related to water pollution projects, and all other types of reservoirs, caissons, cofferdams, dikes, dams, levees, culverts, flood control projects, pilings, soil test borings, ground water well test holes, seismograph testing of subsurface, geology, excavation for subsurface installations of industrial, manufacturing, commercial, military, federal, state, county and municipal governmental facilities of every type and description, missile and anti-missile silo shafts, and underground construction for the preparation of the installation of atomic smashing accelerations and appurtenances; and all other underground structures of every type, nature and description in free or compressed air.

(c) The work covered by this Agreement shall be classified as follows: All preparatory work, including the excavating, bracing, drilling and blasting (handling of all powder, including splitting and making of primers), mucking and removal of material from the tunnels and shafts; the cutting, drilling and installations of materials used for timbering or re-timbering, lagging bracing, proping or shoring the shaft or tunnel, and all welding incidental thereto; assembly and installation of multiplate, liner plate, rings, mesh, mats or forms for any tunnel or shaft, including the setting of rods for same; pouring, pumpcreting and guniting of concrete in any tunnel or shaft; the operation, manual or hydraulic jacking of shields and the use of such other mechanical equipment as may be necessary; all concrete work described as above, and in addition thereto, the hooking on, signaling and

dumping of concrete for work over on caissons, pilings, abutments, etc.; the installation of pipe, gratings and grill work for drains or other subsurface purposes; the installation of well points or any other dewatering systems; and also all alterations, maintenance and demolition work on all underground projects; and all other work covered by classifications hereinafter enumerated in herein.

(d) **Compressed Air:** In compressed air, all work underground or in compression chambers, including tending of the outer air lock, shall be covered by this agreement; all construction work in compressed air including, but not limited to, grout men, track men, drillers, shield drivers, miners, lock tenders, muckers, and mucking machine, motor men, rod men, laser beams, compressed air electricians, liner plate setters, ring setters, dynamite men or blasters, air hoist, form men, concrete blower, concrete laborers, power knives, erectors, key boards, agitator car, car pushers, grout machines, steel setters, cage tenders, skimmers, track layers, dump men, timber men or bracers, cherry pick men, nippers, chuck tenders and cable tenders, vibrator men, jet gunmen, gunmen, gunite nozzle men, and all other types of work connected therewith shall be covered by this Agreement.

#### PERIOD AND INTERVALS OF WORK FOR EACH TWENTY-FOUR HOUR PERIOD

Pressure	Periods		See Current OSHA Regulations
	More than minimum number of pounds	Not more than maximum number of pounds	
	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Normal		15	8
16		26	6
27		33	4
34		38	3
39		43	2
44			1

The Employer may determine the time of each period when the pressure is not more than fifteen pounds per square inch, provided that the total for the periods does not exceed eight hours and does not conflict with OSHA regulations. The limits or hours as specified in said table shall apply accordingly to the maximum pressure attained at any time during the period.

(e) **Inspection, Maintenance and Repair of Underground Utilities, and Sewers.** All underground and preparatory work, which includes televised inspections, telegrouting, root cutting, herbicide application, lining, vacuuming, vacuum excavation, and jetting, in new or existing utilities, water mains, structures, shafts, tunnels, sewers, drains, pipes and related structures of every character and description; all work performed on the ground when excavating with a vac-truck.

**Signalmen:** Signalmen on all construction work defined herein, including traffic control signalmen at construction site.

**General Excavation and Grading:** The clearing, excavating, filling, backfilling, grading and landscaping of all sites for all purposes and all labor connected therewith, including chairmen, rodmen, grade markers, etc.

**Factories:** All work in factories, mills, power stations, oil refineries, chemical plants, and industrial plants performed now or as may be acquired hereafter, including packers, cutters, loaders, raw material unloaders, checkers, stuffers, production line personnel and stenciling of materials. Handling of raw pigment; vessel cleaners and/or dryers; washing or cleaning laboratory glassware; stocking of materials in laboratories; the cleaning and/or scrubbing, washing, polishing of all floors, glasses, windows, walls, rest rooms and furniture. The erection, setup, and dismantlement of all step off pads in contaminated work areas. The shielding of all radioactive services. The decontamination of all radioactively contaminated tools, materials, equipment, and work areas.



**General:** Material yards, junk yards, asphalt plants, concrete products plants, cemeteries, landscape nurseries and the cleaning or reconditioning of streets, ways, sewers and water lines and all maintenance work and work of an unskilled and semi-skilled nature, including Laborers in shipyards, tank cleaners, ship scalers, shipwright helpers, watchmen, flagmen, guards, security and safety men, toolroom men, park, sports area and all recreational center employees, utilities employees, horticultural and agricultural workers, garbage and debris handlers and cleaner.

**Pits, Yards, Quarries, Etc.:** All drillers, blasters and/or powdermen, nippers, signalmen, Laborers in quarries, crushed stone yards and gravel and sand pits and other similar plants, including temporary and portable batching plants.

**Wrecking:** The wrecking or dismantling of buildings and all structures, breaking away roof materials, beams of all kinds, with use of cutting or other wrecking tools as necessary. Burning or otherwise cutting all steel structural beams. Breaking away, cleaning and removal of all masonry and wood or metal fixtures for salvage or scrap. All hooking on and signaling when materials for salvage or scrap are removed by crane or derrick. All loading and unloading of materials carried away from the site of wrecking. All work in salvage or junk yards in connection with cutting, cleaning, storing, stockpiling or handling of materials. All clean-up removal of debris, burning, backfilling and landscaping of the site of wrecked structures.

**Railroad Track Work:** Right-of-way clearance as described above, excavation, grading, subgrading, ballasting and compacting of right-of-way. Loading, unloading, stockpiling, handling and distribution of track and ties and placing of or jacking track and ties at point of installation. All burning or otherwise cutting of track. Setting of tie plates, bolting, leveling, and gauging of rails and all spiking, whether by hand or mechanical means. Placing and tamping of ballast by hand or mechanical

means. Construction and/or relocation of main line, shoe flies, sidings, gradings, crossings, relocating of pipes and drainage and culverts and connected with same and removal and replacing of all fences.

**Studio Utility Employees:** All such work as herein described as may be pertinent to and part of the operation of Motion Picture and other related type of studios.

**Use of Tools:** Operation of all hand, pneumatic, electrical, motor, combustion or air-driven tools or equipment necessary for the performance of work described herein. In short, all unskilled labor connected with work undertaken by members of the party of the first part, and the handling of all materials or appliances in any trade where it will be more economical to have the work performed by Laborers as may be decided by the Employer, subject to appeal to and decision of the Joint Grievance Committee.

**Miscellaneous:** All such work and jurisdiction as may have been acquired by reason of amalgamation or merger with former national or international Unions and as may be hereafter acquired; including all such work and jurisdiction as declared by actions of the Executive Council or conventions of the American Federation of Labor.

**Paragraph 5. WORK NOT INCLUDED:** The laboring work not included in this Agreement is general excavating for buildings to the bottom of floor level. If there are any sub-basements or cellars, this general excavation shall be considered to extend to the bottom of the floor, of same. Excavation in basement and sub-basements other than by power equipment shall be done by Laborers at Building Laborers' rate (except where caisson rates apply).

**Paragraph 6. WRECKING:** Where a building is only partially wrecked and parts torn down for the purpose of building additions, alterations, remodeling, or repairing

same, such work is covered by this Agreement, and rates as established herein shall apply.

**Paragraph 6(a). WRECKING: COMPLETE DEMOLITION:** Work pertaining to wrecking of buildings and structures in their entirety and removed to the basement floor level is covered by the Agreement between Local No. 225 of the Laborers' District Council and the Labor Committee representing the Wrecking Industry of Chicago and Vicinity, and the rates established by said Agreement shall apply.

**Paragraph 7. FLYING FORMS:** Laborers shall tend the Carpenters when prefabricating the Flying Forms on the ground.

When Flying Forms are used on each floor, Laborers shall assist in the placing of Steel Tubular Scaffolding and Flying Forms.

When Concrete Floors are poured and Flying Forms are removed, Laborers will assist.

Laborers will clean and oil Flying Forms after each concrete pour.

After the last concrete pour, when Flying Forms will not be re-used on job site, Laborers will remove, clean and dismantle, oil and place in a stockpile.

#### Article 13

### ALCOHOL AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE

The parties incorporate the CISCO Uniform Drug/Alcohol Abuse Program, as modified, attached hereto as Addendum.

It is recognized that some client owners require additional substance abuse procedures to be followed on their projects for all trades, and it shall not be a violation of this agreement for signatory employers to comply with such procedures, provided prior written notification is given to the District Council.

#### Article 14 SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS

In the event of any change in the ownership, management or operation of the Employer's business or substantially all of its assets, by sale or otherwise, it is agreed that as a condition of such sale or transfer that the new owner or manager, whether corporate or individual, shall be fully bound by the terms and conditions of this Agreement. The Employer shall provide no less than ten (10) days prior written notice to the Union of the sale or transfer and shall be obligated for all expenses incurred by the Union to enforce the terms of this paragraph.

### WORKING CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

The following additional rules and conditions shall apply to work performed at the building or site, in connection with masonry, carpentry and such other work to be done at the building or site.

#### Article 15

### HOURS AND OVERTIME

**Paragraph 1.** When one shift is used, eight (8) hours per day, between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. from Monday through Friday, shall constitute the normal work day and straight time shall be paid. In weeks that have designated holidays that fall during the regular work week, but not more often than six (6) times per year, the Employer may schedule four (4) consecutive ten (10) hour days at straight time. The Union and the Employees must be informed and the Union must give permission to the Employer in writing.

**Paragraph 2.** Starting times may be adjusted by the Employer, upon notice to and clearance by the Union, from 6:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m. at straight time.

**Paragraph 3.** At the option of the Employer, the starting time for the day, or the first shift can be flexible.



It is the Employer's responsibility to inform the Employee and obtain clearance from the Union of any change in starting time prior to quitting time the day before such change is to be effective. The first eight (8) hours' work shall be paid at straight time, the next 2 1/2 hours at time and one-half and double time thereafter.

**Paragraph 4.** When one night shift is used to perform emergency work which cannot be done during the normal work day, such work shall be paid for a time and one-half for the first eight (8) hours, and double time thereafter.

**Paragraph 5.** Overtime rates on single shift work starting at 8:00 a.m. Saturday, shall be time and one-half for the first eight (8) hours, and thereafter double time shall be paid until 8:00 a.m. Monday, unless changed by Paragraph 2 above. During the period between December 1 and March 15, Saturday may be used as make-up day at straight time while tending masons whose Local Unions observe similar conditions; provided, however, that after forty (40) hours have been worked, time and one-half will be paid.

#### Article 16 MULTIPLE SHIFTS

**Paragraph 1.** When it is necessary that the contractor use more than one shift for a period of three (3) or more consecutive days, the Union shall be notified twenty-four (24) hours in advance of the effective date of the starting of such multiple shift operations.

**Paragraph 2.** On Multiple Shift arrangements, the work week shall start at 12 o'clock midnight Sunday, and continue until 11:59 p.m. Friday. In no event shall regular working hours of different shifts overlap.

**Paragraph 3.** When three (3) eight (8) hours shifts are used, the workmen shall receive eight (8) hours' pay for seven and one-half (7 1/2) hours worked; one-half hour being allowed for eating. Employees shall receive eight (8)

hours pay under this Section even if they are permitted to leave after seven and one-half (7 1/2) hours, and it shall be a violation of this Agreement if an employee does not receive eight (8) hours pay. Employees who work eight (8) hours on a shift without receiving one-half hour lunch shall receive, in addition to the eight (8) hours pay as provided in this Section, one (1) hour's pay at the applicable premium rate.

**Paragraph 4.** When two twelve (12) hour shifts are used, an eating period of one-half hour shall be allowed each shift without deductions in pay and all time in excess of eight (8) hours shall be paid at the regular overtime rates, that is to say, and two and one-half (2 1/2) hours immediately following the first eight (8) hours shall be paid for at the rate of time and one-half, and double time thereafter. Employees who work one of two twelve (12) hour shifts without receiving a one-half hour lunch shall receive, in addition to the twelve (12) hours pay as provided in this Section, one-half hour's pay at the applicable premium rate.

**Paragraph 5.** When two eight (8) hour or two ten (10) hour shifts are used, an eating period of one-half (1/2) hour shall be allowed, but not paid for, but all time in excess of eight (8) hours worked shall be paid at the regular overtime rates, as set forth in Paragraph 4 of this Article.

**Paragraph 6.** On Saturday, other than single time shift, shift work shall start at 12:01 a.m. and the first eight (8) hours of each shift shall be paid for at the rate of time and one-half, and thereafter double time shall be paid; however, under no conditions shall more than eight (8) hours be worked at the rate of time and one-half on any one shift.

#### Article 17 SUNDAYS, HOLIDAYS AND ELECTION DAYS

**Paragraph 1.** All work performed on Sundays or on the following holidays: New Year's day, Memorial Day,

Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day, or on Mondays when such holidays are celebrated, shall be paid for at the double time rate. There shall be no work performed on Labor Day, excepting in case of dire emergency, and with the written consent of the President of the District Council. If a holiday falls on a Sunday, it shall be celebrated on the following Monday. If a holiday falls on a day other than Sunday, it shall be celebrated on that date.

**Paragraph 2.** On Election Days, the individual employed in this trade shall be allowed time not to exceed two (2) hours', without pay, for the purpose of voting, provided that the worker on the job has given notice to the Employer or his agent and has made arrangements no less than twenty-four (24) hours in advance, to receive such time off.

**Paragraph 3.** When a holiday falls on Monday through Friday, make-up days on Saturday shall be paid at time and one-half for the first eight (8) hours and double time thereafter.

**Paragraph 4.** In weeks that have designated holidays that fall during the regular workweek, but not more often than six (6) times per year, the Employer may schedule four (4) consecutive ten (10) hour days at straight time. The Union and the Employees must be informed and the Union must give permission to the Employer in writing.

### Article 18

### PARTICULAR WORK RULES AND CLARIFICATION OF CONDITIONS

**Paragraph 1.** (a) Building Laborers' scale shall apply to all work performed by the Laborers except as specifically classified.

(b) Boiler Setter Laborers will include all work of handling solid refractory materials and also fire brick work in boiler setting, open hearth, furnace, blast furnace, soaking pits, tanks, dust catchers, coke oven batter-

ies, furnace chimneys and stacks, including cleanup work on the above services.

(c) Boiler Setter Plastic Laborers applies to work of actually installing plastic, in connection with the boiler work or other non-solid refractory materials. Mortar mixers, lancers, burners, etc., plus all work from point of forty (40) feet above normal ground level in fire brick work and Boiler Setters Laborers' Classifications.

Minimum safety measures for Boiler Setters are that all scaffolding, in and around blast furnaces and hot stoves, etc., shall not exceed five (5) feet per landing and be constructed of solid-type materials, except the large cable-type used in blast furnaces, and at least every fourth scaffold shall be left in place to serve as a safety scaffold with ladders extending to safe distance above each landing. The Employer shall furnish respirators, safety goggles, gloves and other protection materials necessary in and about dusty and hot working conditions during all furnace work.

(d) Caisson Diggers applies to all caisson work and men working in trenches, foundation pits and piers eight (8) feet or more in depth below the level that excavation begins in such trenches, foundation pits or piers.

Where hazardous conditions exist when excavating trenches, foundation pits or piers or where a type of soil, sand or other material being removed creates a hazardous condition for the Employee such trenches, foundation pits or piers must be shored or sheathed, and the Employees performing the work of shoring and sheathing shall be paid the caisson rate.

Where hazardous conditions do not exist, but sheathing or shoring is necessary solely for the purpose of protecting a bank or preserving the work, then caisson rates shall not apply.

When specifications show the depth of such excavation to exceed eight (8) feet, said caisson rate shall apply from the start of excavation when hand dug. For safety



reasons, no worker shall be permitted to work alone if excavation exceeds five (5) feet, unless he is working under direct supervision.

(e) Chimney Laborers (over forty (40) feet) applies to all freestanding chimneys in excess of forty (40) feet above the ground level. The Chimney Laborers' rate shall apply for the entire height of the chimney, both erecting or wrecking such chimney.

Free-standing chimneys shall be construed as chimneys built from the ground up, outside the building, for industrial, commercial or institutional purposes. It is understood that this provision does not apply in the erection of ordinary chimneys for apartment buildings, etc., unless the chimneys go forty (40) feet above the roof level.

(f) Jackhammermen: The rate for Jackhammermen herein established shall apply to any mechanically operated tool over thirty-five (35) pounds in weight, used in demolition, concrete breaking, tamping or other similar work. The regular building Laborers' rate shall apply to all lighter mechanical tools.

(g) Scaffold Laborers: Applies to all Laborers engaged in installing, relocating and/or removing all swinging, tubular and other types of scaffolds designed and used for tending to or servicing our allied trades. The raising and lowering of swinging and specifically designed scaffolds by hand, by power, or by any other process, is not included in scaffold Laborers' rates.

(h) Stone Derricks and Handlers: Applies to all Laborers engaged in helping the stone setters set and distribute dimensional cut stone, terra cotta, granite or prefabricated materials replacing or substituted for cut stone, etc.

(i) Windlass and Capstan Persons: Applies to all hoisting units attached to mixers or movable equipment used to raise material where regular hoists cannot be erected or used.

(j) Fireproofing and Fire Shop Laborers: Applies to Fireproofing beams, ceilings and walls, etc., in connection with gunite work or any other process, including clean-up work on job site, shops or yards.

(k) Cement Gun Nozzle Laborers: (Gunite) Applies to Laborers handling nozzle in application of gunite.

(l) Cement Gun Laborers: Applies to Laborers handling cement gun on concrete work.

(m) Plasterer Laborers: Applies to all Laborers as agreed upon in the Agreement with the Chicagoland Association of Wall and Ceiling Contractors, and Construction and General Laborers' District Council of Chicago and Vicinity.

(n) Laborers who are engaged in the work of construction or wrecking of silos, etc., for grain elevators, and are required to strip or wreck forms as hazardous heights in this work shall be paid chimney Laborers' rates.

(o) On salamander work or heating for frost prevention work, the building Laborers' rates of wages shall apply for the first eight (8) hours' work regardless of starting time Monday through Friday of each week. All hours worked on Saturday, Sunday or Holidays, and all hours worked after eight (8) hours per day, or forty (40) hours per week Monday through Friday, as above set forth, shall be paid for at one and one-half times the Building Laborers' rate of wages.

(p) Where services are performed by Laborers as watchmen, and such Laborers shall not be engaged in the performance of any other branches of work covered by this Agreement, they shall be paid not less than \$1.50 below the Building Laborers' rate.

(q) Any building 125 feet high or more shall require the use of a Man Cage.